prepare for...

Mutation Testing .from jUnit to Mutation-Testing

@SvenRuppert

has been coding java since 1996

Developer Advocate

Vaadin

Germany - Munich

@SvenRuppert

has been coding java since 1996

@SvenRuppert

has been coding java since 1996

Projects in the field of:

- Automobile-industry
- Energy
- Finance / Leasing
- Space- Satellit-
- Government / UN / World-bank

Where?

- Europe
- Asia from India up to Malaysia

Save harbor statement

Save harbor statement

The following is intended for information purposes only. I can not be held responsible for the overuse of effects and animations in this presentation. If any person in this room has a medical condition that is triggered by fast moving objects on the screen and/or explosions, he/she should probably better leave now...

(I got carried away by the topic.)

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Do you have bugs in your code?

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Do you have bugs in your code?

since years
you are
working hard
on this....

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since years
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Codebase is > 13 years old

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Codebase is > 13 years old no test coverage

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Codebase is > 13 years old

no test coverage

no dedicated refactoring budget

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decrease complexity

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Codebase is > 13 years old

no test coverage

no dedicated refactoring budget

decrease complexity

but... lets start with the basics

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TDD with jUnit are you using jUnit?

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are you using jUnit?

are you using jUnit?

```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
    return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
```

are you using jUnit?

```
public class Service {
 public int add(int a, int b){
   if(a<2){
                                          How many tests
How many tests
you will need?
you will need?
     return (a+b) * -1;
   } else {
     return a+b;
```

are you using jUnit?

```
public class Service {
 public int add(int a, int b){
   if(a<2){
                                        How many tests
How many tests
you will need?
you will need?
    return (a+b) * -1;
   } else {
    return a+b;
                                        it depends ;-)
```

```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
    return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
```

```
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```

```
How many tests

How many tests

You will need?

It depends ;-)
```

```
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```

```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
    return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
```

```
How many tests

How many tests
```

for line 100% coverage

```
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```

```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
    return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
```

```
How many tests

How many tests

You will need?

Journal of the pends (*)
```

for line 100% coverage 2

```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
    return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
```

How many tests

How many tests

You will need?

It depends;

```
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```

```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
    return (a+b) *-1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
```

```
How many tests

How many tests
```

for line 100% coverage 2

but will this be enough? maybe;-)

```
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```

```
How many tests
How many tests
you will need?
you will need?
public class Service {
 public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
   return (a+b) * -1;
                                                      it depends ;-)
  } else {
   return a+b;
                         for line 100% coverage
                                                               2
                        but will this be enough? maybe ;-)
```

```
How many tests
How many tests
you will need?
you will need?
public class Service {
 public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
   return (a+b) * -1;
                                                      it depends ;-)
  } else {
   return a+b;
                         for line 100% coverage
                                                              2
                        but will this be enough? maybe ;-
```

how to find out, what will be enough?

```
How many tests
How many tests
you will need?
public class Service {
 public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
   return (a+b) * -1;
                                                  it depends ;-)
  } else {
   return a+b;
                       for line 100% coverage
                                                          2
                       but will this be enough? maybe ;-
```

how to find out, what will be enough?

how to find the right tests?

```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
    return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
```

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How many tests
How many tests
How many tests
You will need?
You will need?

```
How many tests
How many tests
you will need?
public class Service {
 public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
   return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
               @Test
               public void testAdd001() throws Exception {
                final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
                Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(0);
               }
```

```
How many tests
you will need?
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public class Service {
 public int add(int a, int b){
  if(a<2){
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   return a+b;
              @Test
              public void testAdd001() throws Exception {
                final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
                Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(0);
               @Test
               public void testAdd002() throws Exception {
                final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
               Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(3);
```

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Mutation Testing is a structural testing method

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Mutation Testing is a structural testing method we want to find a way to write "good" tests

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Mutation Testing is a structural testing method we want to find a way to write "good" tests how to find "good" tests?



Mutation Testing is a structural testing method we want to find a way to write "good" tests how to find "good" tests?

let the machine find the targets

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Mutation Testing is a structural testing method we want to find a way to write "good" tests how to find "good" tests?

Let the machine find the targets

let's mutate it... but how?

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a mutation is a small change in the code

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- a mutation is a small change in the code
 - .. small enough to be a small defect

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a mutation is a small change in the code

.. small enough to be a small defect

P will be the program

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a mutation is a small change in the code

.. small enough to be a small defect

P will be the program

T will be the collection of all tests / Test Suite

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P will be the program

T will be the collection of all tests / Test Suite

we will create a sequence of mutations / P1,P2,P3...

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.. Px will have only one mutation compared to P

we will create a sequence of mutations / P1,P2,P3...

.. Px will have only one mutation compared to P running all tests from T against Px

we will create a sequence of mutations / P1,P2,P3...

.. Px will have only one mutation compared to P

running all tests from T against Px

green: T will kill the mutation

we will create a sequence of mutations / P1,P2,P3...

.. Px will have only one mutation compared to P

running all tests from T against Px

green: T will kill the mutation

.. at leased one test from **T** will fail

we will create a sequence of mutations / P1,P2,P3...

.. Px will have only one mutation compared to P

running all tests from T against Px

green: T will kill the mutation

.. at leased one test from **T** will fail

red: if all tests are green

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if we kill **k** out of **n** mutants

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if we kill **k** out of **n** mutants

-> we are not good enough ;-)

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if we kill **k** out of **n** mutants

-> we are not good enough ;-)

we are perfect enough if we are reaching: k == n

if we kill **k** out of **n** mutants

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we are perfect enough if we are reaching: k == n

how to create all versions of Px?

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if we kill **k** out of **n** mutants

-> we are not good enough ;-)

we are perfect enough if we are reaching: k == n

how to create all versions of Px?

.. the good thing..

if we kill **k** out of **n** mutants

-> we are not good enough ;-)

we are perfect enough if we are reaching: k == n

how to create all versions of Px?

.. the good thing...

We could almost generate automate everything

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practical TDD with Mutation Testing

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practical TDD with Mutation Testing generating the mutants and

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practical TDD with Mutation Testing generating the mutants and running all junit tests

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practical TDD with Mutation Testing

generating the mutants and running all junit tests check the reports

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practical TDD with Mutation Testing

generating the mutants and

running all junit tests

check the reports

write more / better tests

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practical TDD with Mutation Testing

generating the mutants and

running all junit tests

check the reports

write more / better tests

loop until quality target reached

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mutants are a good approach / model to estimate the default rate of defects per 1k lines of the P

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mutants are a good approach / model to estimate the default rate of defects per 1k lines of the P

estimate that:

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mutants are a good approach / model to estimate the default rate of defects per 1k lines of the **P**

estimate that:

the defects are independent

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no need to know that Mutation Testing will be done, independent creation of **T**

no need to know that Mutation Testing will be done, independent creation of **T**

for **K==n**

we need a high number of mutants (P1, P2, ..., Px)

no need to know that Mutation Testing will be done, independent creation of ${f T}$

for **K==n**

we need a high number of mutants (P1, P2, ..., Px)

.. mostly it will lead into exponential numbers of Px

no need to know that Mutation Testing will be done, independent creation of **T**

for K==n

we need a high number of mutants (P1, P2, ..., Px)

.. mostly it will lead into exponential numbers of Px

how to find your parrier you.

how to find your reach?

have to reach?

no need to know that Mutation Testing will be done, independent creation of ${f T}$

for **K==n**

we need a high number of mutants (P1, P2, ..., Px)

.. mostly it will lead into exponential numbers of Px

how to find your parrier you have to reach?

but.. what is a mutation?

Mutation Testing - Kinds of Mutation

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but... what is a mutation?

Value Mutation

changing constants, loop bounds (adding/subtracting values)

Mutation Testing - Kinds of Mutation

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but... what is a mutation?

Value Mutation

Decision Mutation

for example < will be changed to <=

Value Mutation Decision Mutation

Statement Mutation

for example swapping/deleting/duplicating
lines of code

Value Mutation Decision Mutation Statement Mutation

Value Mutation Decision Mutation Statement Mutation

for **Java** you could think about more language spec. mutations

Value Mutation Decision Mutation Statement Mutation

for **Java** you could think about more language spec. mutations

.. changing modifiers

Value Mutation Decision Mutation Statement Mutation

for **Java** you could think about more language spec. mutations

- .. changing modifiers
 - .. changing between static / non static

Value Mutation Decision Mutation Statement Mutation

for **Java** you could think about more language spec. mutations

- .. changing modifiers
 - .. changing between static / non static
- .. delete member initialization

Value Mutation Decision Mutation Statement Mutation

for **Java** you could think about more language spec. mutations

- .. changing modifiers
 - .. changing between static / non static
- .. delete member initialization

.. delete this.

Value Mutation Decision Mutation Statement Mutation

for **Java** you could think about more language spec. mutations

- .. changing modifiers
 - .. changing between static / non static
- .. delete member initialization
- .. delete this.
- .. argument order change

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mutation testing is an add on to normal jUnit TDD

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mutation testing is an add on to normal jUnit TDD

tools are supporting it well

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generating and running all tests are time consuming

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mutation testing is an add on to normal jUnit TDD

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generating and running all tests are time consuming

but most important

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mutation testing is an add on to normal jUnit TDD

tools are supporting it well

generating and running all tests are time consuming

but most important

will effect your project structure

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muJava

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muJava

- 2003. First released as JMutation (Java Mutation System).
- 2004. The name was changed to MuJava (Mutation System for Java).
- 2005. Software Copyright Registration, ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
- 2005. Version 2 released with several fault fixes and modified mutation operators.
- 2008. Version 3 released with minimal support for Java 1.5 and 1.6.
- **2013**. Version 4 released to support JUnit tests and Java 1.6 language features, including generics, annotations, enumerations, varargs, enhanced for-each loops, and static imports.
- **2015**. Additional and improved error messages. Bug fixes for OpenJava. Licensing changed to the Apache license.

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https://cs.gmu.edu/~offutt/mujava/

https://github.com/jeffoffutt/muJava/graphs/contributors

muJava

nactive

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2012. started around 2012 with a small codebase. 2014. very active since 2014

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http://pitest.org/

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http://pitest.org/

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assume the following would make sense ;-)

http://pitest.org/

assume the following would make sense ;-)

```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
    if (a<2) {
      return (a+b) * -1;
    } else {
      return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
```

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```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if (a<2) {
    return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
```

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```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
   if (a<2) {
     return (a+b) * -1;
   } else {
     return a+b;
  }
} how many test you will need for..</pre>
```

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Mutation Testing - Hello World

```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
   if (a<2) {
     return (a+b) * -1;
   } else {
     return a+b;
   }
} how many test you will need for..</pre>
```

100% Line Coverage... and...

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public class Service {
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```

100% Line Coverage... and... to be save ?

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public class Service {
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} how many test you will need for..</pre>
```

100% Line Coverage... and... to be save ?

2 for Line Coverage

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```
public class Service {
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     return (a+b) * -1;
   } else {
     return a+b;
   }
} how many test you will need for..</pre>
```

100% Line Coverage... and... to be save ?

2 for Line Coverage we will see ;-)

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```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if (a<2) {
    return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
```

we have one if statement

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```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if (a<2) {
    return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
100% Line Coverage... and...
```

we have one if statement with an else branch

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```
public class Service {
  public int add(int a, int b){
  if (a<2) {
    return (a+b) * -1;
  } else {
    return a+b;
  }
}</pre>
100% Line Coverage... and...
```

we have one if statement—with an else branch this will lead to 2 jUnit Tests to get 100 %

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```
public class Service {
 public int add(int a, int b){
  if (a<2) { return (a+b) * -1; }
  else { return a+b;
                          100% Line Coverage... and...
@Test
public void testAdd001() throws Exception {
 final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
 Assertions. assert That (add). is Equal To (0);
```

```
public class Service {
 public int add(int a, int b){
  if (a<2) { return (a+b) * -1; }
  else { return a+b;
                          100% Line Coverage... and...
@Test
public void testAdd001() throws Exception {
 final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
 Assertions. assert That (add). is Equal To (0);
}
     @Test
     public void testAdd002() throws Exception {
      final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
      Assertions. assert That (add). is Equal To (3);
```

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```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(0);
```

final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(3);

final int add = new Service().add(0, 0); Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(0);

final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(3);

final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
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final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
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```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(3);
```

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```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(0);
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Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(3);
```

we got 100% Line Coverage

Mutation Testing - Hello World

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(3);
```

we got 100% Line Coverage

How good these tests are?

Mutation Testing - Hello World

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(3);
```

we got 100% Line Coverage

How good these tests are?

How to measure if these test are good?

Mutation Testing - Hello World

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
Assertions.assertThat(add).isEqualTo(3);
```

we got 100% Line Coverage

How good these tests are?

How to measure if these test are good?

How to find the good tests?

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final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);

final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);

How to find the good tests?

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final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);

final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);

How to find the good tests?

let's generate a the mutation report

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final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);

final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);

How to find the good tests?

let's generate a the mutation report

with maven : pitest: mutationCoverage

Mutation Testing - Hello World

final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);

final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);

How to find the good tests?

let's generate a the mutation report

with maven : pitest: mutationCoverage

>> Generated 54 mutations

@SvenRuppert

final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);

final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);

How to find the good tests?

let's generate a the mutation report

with maven : pitest: mutationCoverage

>> Generated 54 mutations

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final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);

final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);

How to find the good tests?

let's generate a the mutation report

with maven : pitest: mutationCoverage

>> Generated 54 mutations Killed 3

org.pitest.....mutators.ConditionalsBoundaryMutator

Mutation Testing - Hello World

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
```

final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);

How to find the good tests?

let's generate a the mutation report

with maven : pitest: mutationCoverage

>> Generated 54 mutations Killed 3

org.pitest.....mutators.ConditionalsBoundaryMutator org.pitest.....mutators.IncrementsMutator

Mutation Testing - Hello World

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
```

How to find the good tests?

let's generate a the mutation report

with maven: pitest: mutationCoverage

```
org.pitest.....mutators.ConditionalsBoundaryMutator org.pitest.....mutators.IncrementsMutator org.pitest.....mutators.ReturnValsMutator
```

Mutation Testing - Hello World

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
```

How to find the good tests?

let's generate a the mutation report

with maven : pitest: mutationCoverage

```
org.pitest.....mutators.ConditionalsBoundaryMutator org.pitest.....mutators.IncrementsMutator org.pitest.....mutators.ReturnValsMutator org.pitest.....mutators.MathMutator
```

Mutation Testing - Hello World

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
```

How to find the good tests?

let's generate a the mutation report

with maven : pitest: mutationCoverage

```
org.pitest.....mutators.ConditionalsBoundaryMutator org.pitest.....mutators.IncrementsMutator org.pitest.....mutators.ReturnValsMutator org.pitest.....mutators.MathMutator org.pitest.....mutators.NegateConditionalsMutator
```

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```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

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```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 3

Breakdown by Class

Name		Line Coverage	Mutation Coverage	
Service.java	100%	4/4	43%	3/7

Mutation Testing - Hello World

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
```

```
6  public class Service {
7   public int add(int a, int b) {
8     2     if (a < 2) {
9     3         return (a + b) * -1;
10     } else {
11     2         return a + b;
12     }
13   }</pre>
```

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```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

@SvenRuppert

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
```

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;</pre>
```

```
1. changed conditional boundary → SURVIVED
2. negated conditional → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
3. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
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```

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
```

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3      return (a + b) * -1;
10    } else {
11   2     return a + b;</pre>
```

```
1. changed conditional boundary → SURVIVED
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2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
```

```
1. changed conditional boundary → SURVIVED
2. negated conditional → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
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1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

```
1. changed conditional boundary → SURVIVED
2. negated conditional → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
3. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
```

Mutation Testing - Hello World

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;</pre>
```

```
1. changed conditional boundary → SURVIVED
2. negated conditional → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
3. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

```
1. changed conditional boundary → SURVIVED
2. negated conditional → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
3. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

```
1. changed conditional boundary → SURVIVED
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1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
3. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

<u>11</u>

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2     return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

- 1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED
 2. negated conditional → KILLED
 1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
 2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
 3. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
 - 1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
 - 2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED

```
@SvenRuppert
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(3, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 4

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

- 1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED
 - 2. negated conditional → KILLED

<u>11</u>

- 1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
- 2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
- 3. replaced return of integer sized value with $(x == 0 ? 1 : 0) \rightarrow KILLED$
- 1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
- 2. replaced return of integer sized value with $(x == 0 ? 1 : 0) \rightarrow KILLED$

@SvenRuppert

final int add = new Service().add(0, 0);

final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 4

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

- 1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED
 - 2. negated conditional → KILLED

<u>11</u>

- 1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
- 2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
- 3. replaced return of integer sized value with $(x == 0 ? 1 : 0) \rightarrow KILLED$
- 1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
- 2. replaced return of integer sized value with $(x == 0 ? 1 : 0) \rightarrow KILLED$

@SvenRuppert

final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 4

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2     return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

- 1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED
 - 2. negated conditional → KILLED

<u>11</u>

- 1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
- 2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
- 3. replaced return of integer sized value with $(x == 0 ? 1 : 0) \rightarrow KILLED$
- 1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED
- 2. replaced return of integer sized value with $(x == 0 ? 1 : 0) \rightarrow KILLED$

Mutation Testing - Hello World final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

>> Generated 54 mutations Killed 4

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2     return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations Killed 4

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations Killed 5

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2     return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 5

```
killed 9:1
```

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 5

killed 9:1

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

```
2. negated conditional → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → KILLED

2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED

3. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → SURVIVED

2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
```

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 2);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 5

killed 9:1

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

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Mutation Testing - Hello World

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 2);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

killed 9:1

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 2);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 6

killed 9:1

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 2);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 6

killed 9:1

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 2);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 6

killed 9:1

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

```
2. negated conditional → KILLED

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3. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED

1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → KILLED

2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
```

1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED

```
final int add = new Service().add(2, 0);
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 2);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 6

killed 11:1

```
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 2);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations

Killed 6

killed 11:1

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```
Mutation Testing - Hello World
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 2);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations Killed 6

```
1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED
2. negated conditional → KILLED
1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → KILLED
2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
3. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → KILLED
2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
```

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3     return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2    return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

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```
Mutation Testing - Hello World
```

```
final int add = new Service().add(1, 1);
final int add = new Service().add(2, 2);
```

>> Generated 54 mutations Killed 6

```
1. changed conditional boundary → KILLED
2. negated conditional → KILLED
1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → KILLED
2. Replaced integer multiplication with division → SURVIVED
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1. Replaced integer addition with subtraction → KILLED
2. replaced return of integer sized value with (x == 0 ? 1 : 0) → KILLED
```

```
8   2    if (a < 2) {
9   3      return (a + b) * -1;
10   } else {
11   2     return a + b;
12   }</pre>
```

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mutation tests are often leading to

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mutation tests are often leading to

...cleaner code compared to jUnit only

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Mutation Testing - Lesson Learned

```
public static final String[] discardCommonPrefix(String a, String b) {
 String[] ret = \{a, b\};
 int I = a.length() < b.length() ? a.length() : b.length();
 for (int i = 0; i < l; i++) {
  if (a.charAt(i) == b.charAt(i)) {
    if (i + 1 < I) { ret[0] = a.substring(i + 1); ret[1] = b.substring(i + 1); }
    else {
     if (a.length() < b.length()) { ret[0] = ""; ret[1] = b.substring(i + 1); }</pre>
     if (a.length() == b.length()) { ret[0] = ""; ret[1] = ""; }
     if (a.length() > b.length()) \{ ret[0] = a.substring(i + 1); ret[1] = "; \}
  } else break;
 return ret;
```

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Mutation Testing - Lesson Learned

```
public String[] discardCommonPrefix(String a, String b) {
 final String[] ret = new String[2];
 int I;
 if (a.length() < b.length()) { I = a.length(); }
                             { I = b.length(); }
 else
 int position = 0;
 for (; position < I; position++) {</pre>
  final char charA = a.charAt(position);
  final char charB = b.charAt(position);
  if (charA != charB) { break; }
 if (position \geq a.length()) { ret[0] = ""; }
 else
                             { ret[0] = a.substring(position); }
 if (position >= b.length()) { ret[1] = ""; }
                             { ret[1] = b.substring(position); }
 else
 return ret;
```

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Version 1 Version 2

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```
Version 1
for {
  if {
    if
    else {
  } else
```

Version 2

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```
Version 2
Version 1
for {
                                         if else
  if {
    if
                                         for {
    else {
     if
                                         if else
  } else
                                         if else
```

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mutation tests are often leading to

...cleaner code compared to jUnit only

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mutation tests are often leading to

- ...cleaner code compared to jUnit only
- ... smaller modules (shorter mutation runtime)

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mutation tests are often leading to

...cleaner code compared to jUnit only

... smaller modules (shorter mutation runtime)

and something nice...
helps to find useless code

Example of useless Code

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Example of useless Code

```
12
    public class ReflectionUtils extends org.reflections.ReflectionUtils {
13
14
      public boolean checkInterface(final Type aClass, Class targetInterface) {
        if (aClass.equals(targetInterface)) return true;
15 <u>2</u>
16
        final Type[] genericInterfaces = ((Class) aClass).getGenericInterfaces();
17
18 2
        if (genericInterfaces.length > 0) {
19 3
          for (Type genericInterface : genericInterfaces) {
20 2
            if (genericInterface.equals(targetInterface)) return true;
21
            final Type[] nextLevBackArray = ((Class) genericInterface).getGenericInterfaces();
22
23 2
            if (nextLevBackArray.length > 0)
24 3
              for (Type type : nextLevBackArray) {
25 2
                if (checkInterface(type, targetInterface)) return true;
26
27
28
        }
29
        final Type genericSuperclass = ((Class) aClass).getGenericSuperclass();
30 1
        if (genericSuperclass != null) {
31 2
          if (checkInterface(genericSuperclass, targetInterface)) return true;
32
        }
33
34
35 1
        return false;
36
```

Example of useless Code

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```
18 2    if (genericInterfaces.length > 0) {
19 3       for (Type genericInterface : genericInterfaces) {
```

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you need jUnit - to generate the reference

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you need jUnit - to generate the reference add the pitest-plugin to the build section

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you need jUnit - to generate the reference add the pitest-plugin to the build section configure the plugin

@SvenRuppert

you need jUnit - to generate the reference add the pitest-plugin to the build section configure the plugin generate the reference -> clean, install

Mutation Testing - How to start

@SvenRuppert

you need jUnit - to generate the reference add the pitest-plugin to the build section configure the plugin generate the reference -> clean, install run pitest: mutationCoverage

Mutation Testing - How to start

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you need jUnit - to generate the reference
add the pitest-plugin to the build section
configure the plugin
generate the reference -> clean, install
run pitest: mutationCoverage
report will be under target/pit-reports

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Mutation Testing - How to start pom.xml - example - build

```
<plugin>
 <groupId>org.pitest
 <artifactId>pitest-maven</artifactId>
 <configuration>
  <outputFormats>
   <outputFormat>XML</outputFormat>
   <outputFormat>HTML</outputFormat>
  <targetClasses>
   <param>org.rapidpm.*</param>
  </targetClasses>
  <targetTests>
   <param>org.rapidpm.*</param>
   <param>junit.org.rapidpm.*</param>
  </targetTests>
 </configuration>
</plugin>
```

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Mutation Testing - How to start pom.xml - example - reporting

```
<reporting>
 <plugins>
  <plugin>
   <groupId>org.pitest</groupId>
   <artifactId>pitest-maven</artifactId>
   <reportSets>
    <reportSet>
     <reports>
       <report>report</report>
     </reports>
    </reportSet>
   </reportSets>
  </plugin>
 </plugins>
</reporting>
```

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Start with some tests

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Start with some tests generate the pitest report

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Start with some tests
generate the pitest report
write more tests to kill mutations

@SvenRuppert

Start with some tests
generate the pitest report
write more tests to kill mutations
if you have time, eliminate useless tests

@SvenRuppert

Start with some tests
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do it one by one

@SvenRuppert

Start with some tests
generate the pitest report
write more tests to kill mutations
if you have time, eliminate useless tests
do it one by one

Mutation 001 Survived

Mutation 002 Survived

Mutation 003 Survived

Mutation 004 Survived

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Start with some tests
generate the pitest report
write more tests to kill mutations
if you have time, eliminate useless tests
do it one by one

Mutation 001 Survived ····► Killed

Mutation 002 Survived ····► Killed

Mutation 003 Survived ····► Killed

Mutation 004 Survived ····► Killed

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a rapidpm-dynamic-cdi-modules-core



rapidpm-dynamic-cdi-modules-core

Element	0	Missed Instructions >	Cov.	Missed Branches *	Cov.	Missed	Cxty	Missed	Lines	Missed	Methods	Missed	Classes
org.rapidpm.ddi			86%		81%	7	53	13	137	3	42	0	3
org.rapidpm.ddi.producer			94%		92%	4	37	3	104	0	11	0	2
org.rapidpm.ddi.implresolver			93%		92%	2	28	5	61	0	14	0	1
org.rapidpm.ddi.reflections			97%		89%	6	52	5	128	2	33	0	3
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes			97%		75%	4	33	2	79	0	25	0	2
org.rapidpm.ddi.bootstrap			97%		75%	1	4	1	7	0	2	0	1
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes.provide	d		100%	=	100%	0	8	0	13	0	6	0	1
<u>org.rapidpm.ddi.producerresolve</u>	er		100%		n/a	0	4	0	10	0	4	0	1
Total		126 of 2.191	94%	19 of 164	88%	24	219	29	539	5	137	0	14

Created with JaCoCo 0.8.0.201801022044

Pit Test Coverage Report

Project Summary

Number of Classes Line Coverage Mutation Coverage 84% 217/259

Breakdown by Package

Name	Number of Classes	L	ine Coverage	Mutation Coverage			
org.rapidpm.ddi	1	92%	120/131	84%	59/70		
org.rapidpm.ddi.bootstrap	1	86%	6/7	100%	1/1		
org.rapidpm.ddi.implresolver	1	92%	56/61	81%	30/37		
org.rapidpm.ddi.producer	2	95%	101/106	80%	39/49		
org.rapidpm.ddi.producerresolver	1	100%	10/10	100%	3/3		
org.rapidpm.ddi.reflections	3	96%	123/128	89%	51/57		
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes	1	95%	76/80	78%	28/36		
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes.provided	1	100%	13/13	100%	6/6		

Report generated by <u>PIT</u> 1.3.2

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apidpm-dynamic-cdi-modules-core

Sessions

rapidpm-dynamic-cdi-modules-core

Element	 Missed Instruction 	tions Cov.	Missed Branches	Cov.	Missed	Cxty	Missed	Lines	Missed	Methods	Missed	Classes
org.rapidpm.ddi		86%		81%	7	53	13	137	3	42	0	3
org.rapidpm.ddi.producer		94%		92%	4	37	3	104	0	11	0	2
org.rapidpm.ddi.implresolver		93%		92%	2	28	5	61	0	14	0	1
org.rapidpm.ddi.reflections		97%		89%	6	52	5	128	2	33	0	3
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes		97%		75%	4	33	2	79	0	25	0	2
org.rapidpm.ddi.bootstrap		97%		75%	1	4	1	7	0	2	0	1
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes.provided		100%	=	100%	0	8	0	13	0	6	0	1
org.rapidpm.ddi.producerresolve	<u>r</u> 📱	100%		n/a	0	4	0	10	0	4	0	1
Total	126 of 2.191	94%	19 of 164	88%	24	219	29	539	5	137	0	14

Created with <u>JaCoCo</u> 0.8.0.201801022044

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Project Summary

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Name	Number of Classes	L	ine Coverage	Mut	tation Coverage
org.rapidpm.ddi	1	92%	120/131	84%	59/70
org.rapidpm.ddi.bootstrap	1	86%	6/7	100%	1/1
org.rapidpm.ddi.implresolver	1	92%	56/61	81%	30/37
org.rapidpm.ddi.producer	2	95%	101/106	80%	39/49
org.rapidpm.ddi.producerresolver	1	100%	10/10	100%	3/3
org.rapidpm.ddi.reflections	3	96%	123/128	89%	51/57
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes	1	95%	76/80	78%	28/36
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes.provided	1	100%	13/13	100%	6/6

Report generated by PIT 1.3.2

@SvenRuppert

arapidpm-dynamic-cdi-modules-core



rapidpm-dynamic-cdi-modules-core

Element	Missed Instructions >	Cov.	Missed Branches	Cov.	Missed	Cxty	Missed	Lines	Missed	Methods	Missed	Classes
org.rapidpm.ddi		86%		81%	7	53	13	137	3	42	0	3
org.rapidpm.ddi.producer		94%		92%	4	37	3	104	0	11	0	2
org.rapidpm.ddi.implresolver		93%		92%	2	28	5	61	0	14	0	1
org.rapidpm.ddi.reflections		97%		89%	6	52	5	128	2	33	0	3
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes		97%		75%	4	33	2	79	0	25	0	2
org.rapidpm.ddi.bootstrap	1	97%		75%	1	4	1	7	0	2	0	1
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes.provided	=	100%	=	100%	0	8	0	13	0	6	0	1
org.rapidpm.ddi.producerresolver		100%		n/a	0	4	0	10	0	4	0	1
Total	126 of 2.191	94%	19 of 164	88%	24	219	29	539	5	137	0	14

Created with <u>JaCoCo</u> 0.8.0.201801022044

Pit Test Coverage Report

Project Summary

Number of Classes Line Coverage Mutation Coverage 11 505/536 84% 217/259

Breakdown by Package

Name	Number of Classes	L	ine Coverage	Mut	tation Coverage
org.rapidpm.ddi	1	92%	120/131	84%	59/70
org.rapidpm.ddi.bootstrap	1	86%	6/7	100%	1/1
org.rapidpm.ddi.implresolver	1	92%	56/61	81%	30/37
org.rapidpm.ddi.producer	2	95%	101/106	80%	39/49
org.rapidpm.ddi.producerresolve	<u>r</u> 1	100%	10/10	100%	3/3
org.rapidpm.ddi.reflections	3	96%	123/128	89%	51/57
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes	1	95%	76/80	78%	28/36
org.rapidpm.ddi.scopes.provided	1	100%	13/13	100%	6/6

Report generated by PIT 1.3.2

If you are interested...

have a look at **GITHUB**

Functional-Reactive-Lib

Dynamic-Dependency-Injection

Vaadin-Developer

or contact me ;-) @SvenRuppert

Thank You !!!

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